

What is SOA and why should I care?











Change & Agility

Strategic SOA

What Is IT From A Business Perspective



- IT is a Business Resource
- Business Resources Focus
 On Addressing Business
 Problems
- How Do We Leverage
 Business Resources (IT
 and Others) to Address
 Problems....Service
 Orientation.
- Service Orientation is <u>NOT</u> IT Centric! Its Business Centric.





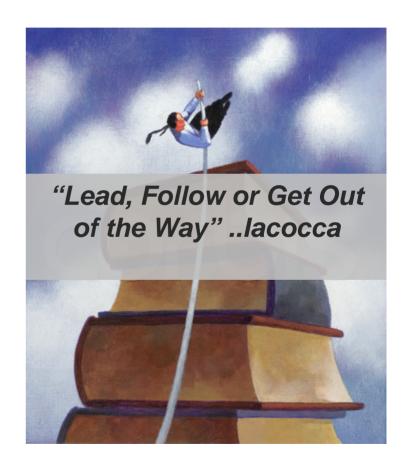


Change & Agility

Strategic SOA

Organizational Agility

- Ability to Respond
 Quickly <u>AND</u>
 Efficiently and
 Leverage Change for
 Constituency
 Advantages
- Two Parts
 - Tactical: Ability to Respond – Faster is Better!
 - Strategic: Leverage
 Change for Advantage







"For over 17 years, ISS has been assisting clients high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget ... meeting or exceeding customer

Impact of the Web

- Anyone can use our applications
- And if they can't they want to know why not?
- Virtualized distributed applications
- Accessible from anywhere
- Complex architectures become common
- Urgent need to link applications:
 - Stock, Ordering,
 Shipping, Invoicing







"For over 17 years, ISS transform their IT departments into agile, high quality businessaligned solutions on time

Further Motivation

- Mergers
 - Linking multiple systems from each organisation
- **Demergers**
 - Allowing simple separation of systems
 - · With security, across the internet
- Outsourcing
 - Using services via the Internet

Materials © WSO2 Inc 2006



and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer









Globalization

- New Global Competition...pick one! China:
 - 360,000 new engineers per year join China's workforce
 - 39 cents per hour for industry laborers, and \$20 per month for general laborers
 - Hundreds of thousands of jobs are disappearing in North America
 - Natural resource and energy prices are skyrocketing, in part because of increased global demand







And if that wasn't enough!

- Regulatory pressures
 - Sarbanes Oxley was just the beginning
 - Compliance and regulatory measures in every industry
- Processes and systems need to be flexible
- Must be manageable and governable







Changed landscape

- Development cycles:
 - From 18 to 6 months to 3 months
- Real standards
 - HTTP, HTML, XML, Java
- Supply chain management and integration are key

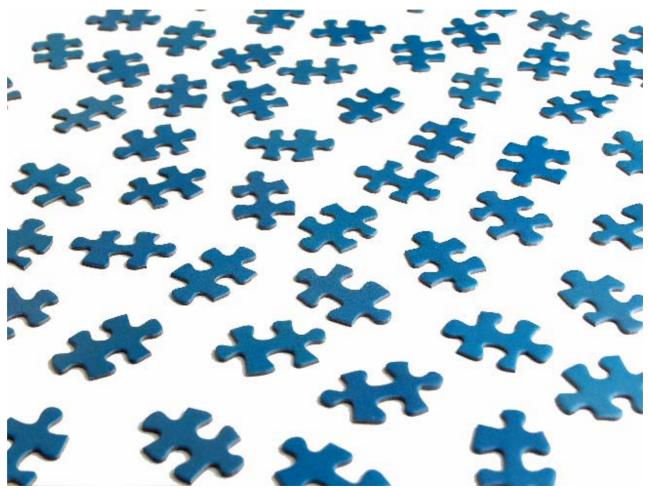
Integrate or bust





"For over 17 years, ISS has been assisting clients departments into agile, high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer

Integration







"For over 17 years, ISS has been assisting clients transform their IT departments into agile, responsive organizations that successfully deliver high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer expectations."



Take your pick!









"Stovepipe" Model

- Each department / division managed its own systems
- Each system was 100% standalone
 - Robust
 - Easy to manage
 - Inflexible
 - Hard to integrate
 - Hard add new compliance







Integration tangle

- Ad-hoc integration between systems
- Multiple technologies, protocols, systems
- Got the job done at the time
- Impossible to manage
- Dependencies have spread and no-one can change anything







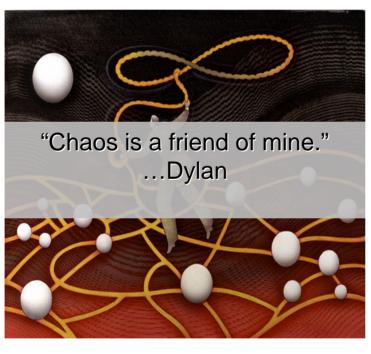
"For over 17 years, ISS has been assisting clients transform their IT departments into agile, responsive organizations that successfully deliver high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer



IT Yarn Ball

Strategic SOA

The ROI Paradigm....



- Creating the Ball
 - ROI = focus on the short-term (this month, quarter, maybe a year)
 - Least Expensive, Most Expedient Choice
 - Yarn Ball of connections, process and dependencies
 - Geometric (n²⁾
 compounding with each decision
 - More Expensive & Hopeless
- Must Untangle The Mess...Not Start Over







Integration

- Model has been either:
 - Getting *Data* from one system to another
 - Using Function in one system from another
- Typically done using a network
 - Common data store, files, in-memory, cut and paste
- Not forgetting the most common models:
 - Fax, typist, phone call, printout, paper







Exercise



Discussion

What kinds of integration channels do you have in your organization?







Integration points

- Data
 - Integration in the database layer
- Application
 - Inter-application integration
- Web tier
 - Portal based integration
- On-the-glass
 - Cut and paste







"For over 17 years, ISS has been assisting clients transform their IT departments into agile, responsive organizations that successfully deliver high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer expectations."



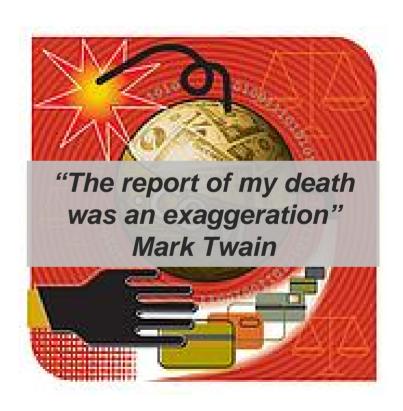
The eBusiness Debacle

Strategic SOA

eBusiness Is Dead...Right?

- Don't throw the IT baby Out with the new economy Bath Water.
- Internet...
 - Didn't just penetrate business...it transformed it!
 - Business Avenues Today
 Which Were Not
 Possible Ten Years Ago
 - Do You Use The Internet Today?
- eBusiness has also spread to non-Internet systems

Mobile Phones,
 Slide: 17 Intranet Saterials © WSO2 Inc 2006









What has fuelled the Internet?

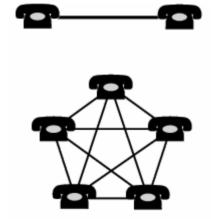
- Open Standards
 - Different systems in different countries work in the same way
- Consistency
 - The same interface worked lots of places
 - Now people prefer web interfaces because they are familiar
- Ubiquity
 - Telcos made it available everywhere
- The network effect...
- Free-ish
 - But also ways to make money



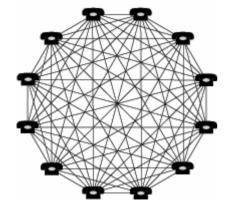


"For over 17 years, ISS transform their IT departments into agile, high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer

The Network Effect



Whoever bought that first fax machine got a really bad deal!!









Loose Coupling

Strategic SOA

- Types of Standards
 - De Jure Standard:
 - Created by organizations
 - De Facto Standard:
 - Created by a small group
 - Taken up widely because they are useful
- Often life is a combination of both:
 - TCP/IP and the Internet didn't start as Standards







De Facto An example (maybe)

- Rail Road Example (De Facto):
 - Rail Width = 4' 8.5"
 - First English railways based on carts
 - Carts were based on ruts in old Roman roads
 - Ruts were based on Roman Chariots
 - Roman Chariots based on the width of two horses
 - So:
 - Now you know which horse's rear invented standards







Loose Coupling

Strategic SOA

The Role of Open Standards

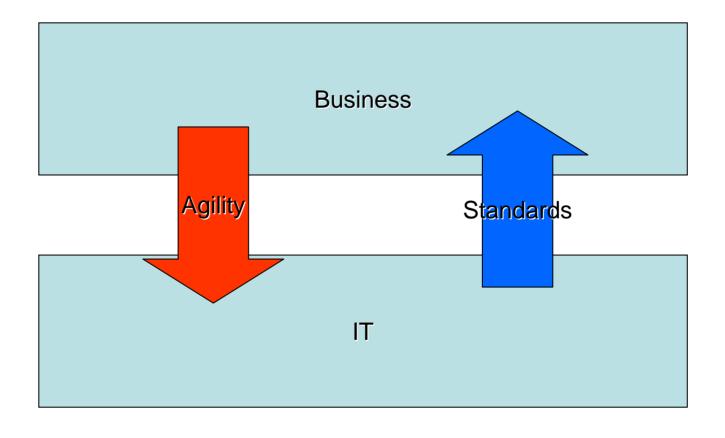
- Not proprietary to any one company
- Available for anyone to develop or use
- Supports Interoperability
- Prevents "Lock-In"
- Some Issues:
 - Standards Are Agreements = Compromise.
 - Too Many of Them, Tremendous Confusion and Overlap Until The Dust Settles
- The "right" Standards improve reuse, agility, and adoption





"For over 17 years, ISS high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer

One way of looking at SOA







Slide: 23



Tightly coupled

- Tightly coupled systems have significant problems:
 - Errors, delays and downtime spread through the system
 - The resilience of the whole system is based on the weakest part
 - Cost of upgrading or migrating spreads
 - Hard to evaluate the useful parts from the dead weight





"For over 17 years, ISS departments into agile, high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer expectations."

Slide: 25

Loose coupling









Loose Coupling

- Is about allowing enough flexibility in the system to let it work
- In fact its not a new idea:
 - Most every early integration system had loosecoupling
 - They are known as employees







"6 Degrees of Separation"

- Location
- Access
- Programming Language
- Stack/Vendor
- Time
- Scalability







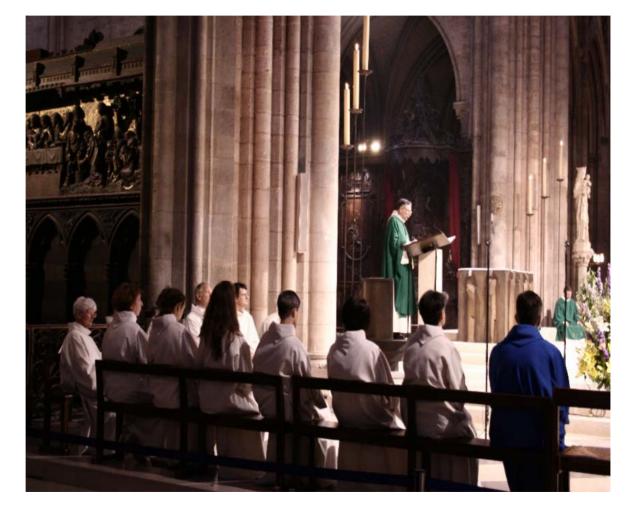
What is a Service?





"For over 17 years, ISS high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer

Service?







"For over 17 years, ISS high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer expectations."

Service?

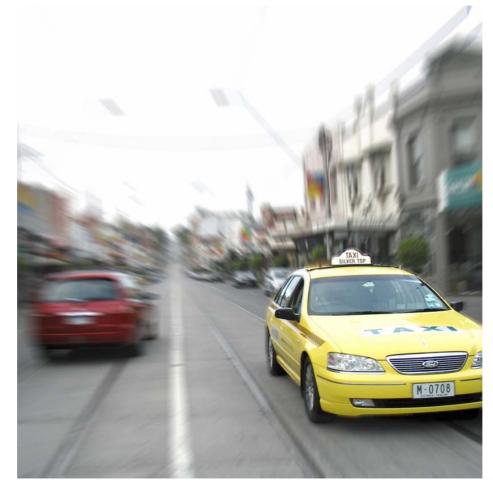






"For over 17 years, ISS high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer

Service









Service

- Services are application assets that provide useful function
- The service is not just the software... it is the running system
- Services are accessible in a common way across the network and organization
- Services are re-usable building blocks that can be re-used to build other applications







Loosely Coupled

- Services are fundamentally
 - Message based
- Can be Asynchronous
- No dependency on a given technology or language
 - Based on XML, or some other neutral message structure
- No dependency on a given system can be migrated, relocated or replaced







What does a service look like?

- It has to be running somewhere!
- We all know what services are because we use them every day:
 - Yahoo Finance to check on share prices
 - Google Maps to find things
 - Weather pages to get a forecast







A service is not:

```
public class Spy implements Service {
    public Information
        checkEmployee(Employee e) {
        return this.whatAreTheyUpTo(e);
    }
}
```







The external view of a Service

- What does it do? The function
 - Typically human-readable documentation
- How can I use it?
 - The Interface messages in and out, their format
 - Requirements what security model? Relaibility?
 - Capabilities does it support digital signatures?
- The Service Level Agreement (SLA)
 - What response time guarantees are there?
 - When is it up?
- How much does it cost?





"For over 17 years, ISS transform their IT departments into agile, high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer

The internal view of a Service







Slide: 37



Contracts

- Contract based development
- Start with the business need not the code
- Build high-level process definitions and data models
- Agree SLAs, Reliability and Security

Requirements









Contracts are Standards

 Maybe not industry wide – but enough to get some "network effect"

Remember this:

- Not proprietary to any one company department
- Available for anyone to develop or use
- Supports Interoperability
- Prevents "Lock-In"
- Some Issues:
 - Standards Are Agreements = Compromise.
 - Too Many of Them, Tremendous Confusion and Overlap Until The Dust Settles
- The "right" Standards improve reuse, agility, and adoption







Service Oriented Architecture

- Emerged from:
 - Web based systems
 - Multi-tier architecture
 - Pressure to integrate
- Applications are exposed to the rest of the business as services
- SOA requires that services:
 - Published, available and documented
 - Have contracts
 - Are re-usable



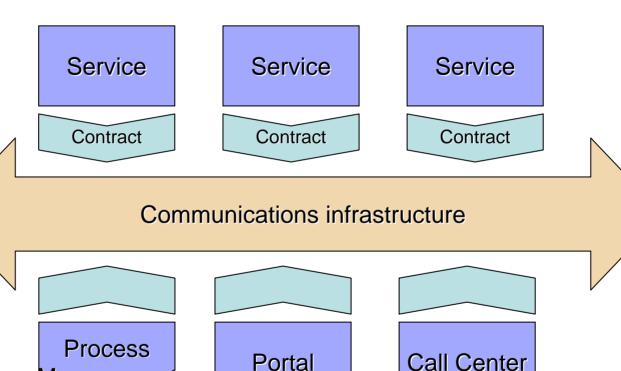




"For over 17 years, ISS has been assisting clients transform their IT departments into agile, responsive organizations that successfully deliver high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer



Service Oriented Architecture







Management



Service Oriented Architecture

- SOA is gaining in popularity because it simplifies connecting systems.
- Integration is being driven by a number of factors:
 - Straight-through-processing
 - Handling web transactions without manual intervention, leading to greater scalability
 - Mergers and demergers
 - The increasing change in organisational structure is making loosely-coupled connections more important
 - Partnerships, value-chains, outsourcing
 - The ability to efficiently do business with third-parties is driving web-based integration technologies
 - Time-to-Value
 - Companies are demanding faster results from IT
 - SOA enables faster development of business processes using BPM tools and re-using existing services







Service Oriented Architecture

- SOA is an Enterprise Architecture not an application architecture
 - At a level higher than Object-Orientation
- The primary concept is loose-coupling
- Individual applications utilize services from across the network to provide common function
- The user of a service is independent of the implementation of any services it uses.





"For over 17 years, ISS has been assisting clients transform their IT departments into agile, responsive organizations that successfully deliver high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer expectations."



SOA moves from:...







"For over 17 years, ISS transform their IT high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer expectations."

...to:









SOA and Business

- SOA is about aligning IT to the business
- Services should be owned, managed and organised by business domain
 - Not by business unit
- A domain is a related set of business function
 - With a common purpose and model







Summary

SOA:

- Aligns IT to business
- Delivers on Loose-coupling
- Makes re-use possible shortening development cycles
- Enables better integration







Resources

- http://www.enterpriseintegrationpatterns.com/
- http://www.looselycoupled.com







Exercise



Workshop/Hands On

15 minutes:

- 1. What do you see as the top 3 benefits of SOA to your organisation?
- 2. And the top 3 challenges?
- 3. Identify at least two "services" that could be shared and re-used





"For over 17 years, ISS high quality businessaligned solutions on time and on budget... meeting or exceeding customer

Questions?





